SENATE BILL 208

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2002

INTRODUCED BY

Shirley M. Bailey

FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION STUDY COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO CHARTER SCHOOLS; CHANGING THE INITIAL CHARTER
SCHOOL APPROVAL TERM; ALLOWING CHARTER SCHOOLS TO USE GRANTS
FROM THE CHARTER SCHOOLS STIMULUS FUND FOR PLANNING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 22-8B-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 281, Section 12) is amended to read:

"22-8B-12. CHARTER SCHOOLS--TERM--RENEWAL OF CHARTER--GROUNDS FOR NONRENEWAL OR REVOCATION.--

A. A charter school may be approved for an initial term of [five] six years, provided that year one is used for planning purposes. A charter may be renewed for successive periods of five years each. Approvals of less [than five years] time can be agreed to between the charter school and the local school board.

B. No later than January 1 of the year prior to
the year in which the charter expires, the governing body of a
charter school may submit a renewal application to the local
school board. The local school board shall rule in a public
hearing on the renewal application no later than March 1 of
the year in which the charter expires, or on a mutually agreed
date.

- C. A charter school renewal application submitted to the local school board shall contain:
- (1) a report on the progress of the charter school in achieving the goals, objectives, student performance standards, state board minimum educational standards and other terms of the initial approved charter application, including the accountability requirements set forth in Section 22-1-6 NMSA 1978:
- (2) a financial statement that discloses the costs of administration, instruction and other spending categories for the charter school that is understandable to the general public, that [will allow] allows comparison of costs to other schools or comparable organizations and that is in a format required by the state board;
- (3) contents of the charter application set forth in Section [8 of the 1999 Charter Schools Act] $\underline{22-8B-8}$ NMSA 1978;
- (4) a petition in support of the charter

school renewing its charter status signed by not less than sixty-five percent of the employees in the charter school; and

- (5) a petition in support of the charter school renewing its charter status signed by a majority of the households whose children are enrolled in the charter school.
- D. A charter may be revoked or not renewed by the local school board if the board determines that the charter school did any of the following:
- (1) committed a material violation of any of the conditions, standards or procedures set forth in the charter;
- (2) failed to meet or make substantial progress toward achievement of the state board minimum educational standards or student performance standards identified in the charter application;
- (3) failed to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management; or
- (4) violated any provision of law from which the charter school was not specifically exempted.
- E. If a local school board revokes or does not renew a charter, the local school board shall state in writing its reasons for the revocation or nonrenewal.
- F. A decision to revoke or not to renew a charter may be appealed by the governing body of the charter school pursuant to Section [7 of the 1999 Charter Schools Act]

22-8B-7 NMSA 1978."

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Section 2. Section 22-8B-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 281, Section 14) is amended to read:

"22-8B-14. CHARTER SCHOOLS STIMULUS FUND CREATED. --

The "charter schools stimulus fund" is created in the state treasury. Money in the fund is appropriated to the department of education to provide financial support to charter schools, whether start-up or conversion, for initial start-up costs, including planning and initial costs associated with renovating or remodeling existing buildings and structures for expenditure in fiscal year 2000 and subsequent fiscal years. The fund shall consist of money appropriated by the legislature and grants, gifts, devises and donations from any public or private source. The department of education shall administer the fund in accordance with rules adopted by the state board. The department of education may use up to three percent of the fund for administrative Money in the fund shall not revert to the general fund costs. at the end of a fiscal year.

B. If the charter school receives an initial grant and fails to begin operating a charter school within the next eighteen months, the charter school shall immediately reimburse the fund."

Section 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2002.

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